

The

Strathcona

Chronicle

GOVERNMENT OFFICE

STRATHCONA CHRONICLE, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1908

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

BRANCH OFFICE, TORONTO  
ESTABLISHED 1867  
Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000  
Reserve Fund, - 5,000,000

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT ALL BRANCHES

**DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS** sold, and money transferred by telegraph or letter.

**COLLECTIONS** made in all parts of Canada and in foreign countries.

**FOREIGN-BUSINESS.** Cheques and drafts on the United States, Great Britain and other foreign countries bought and sold. 118

Strathcona Branch O. W. Marriott Manager

## The D. L. C. SUPPLY

The Best Lumber  
Doors and Windows  
Cement and Lime  
Wood Fibre  
Fence Posts  
Screen Doors

## THE DONNAN LUMBER CO.

SUCCESSORS TO CURRIER BROS. CO. LTD.  
Phone 18

### Solid Quarered Oak

Extension Table for \$18.00  
Six Dinners (leather seats) \$20.00  
Buffet for \$30.00

Best in Genuine Quarered Oak  
See Our Window.

McCALLUM & WESBROOK

ALL THE BEST STYLES  
IN  
LADIES' AND MEN'S FINE  
SHOES AT  
EASY PRICES

SPLENDID GRADES OF  
WORKING BOOTS  
CHEAP

LADIES', MEN'S AND BOYS' LACROSSE SHOES  
AT A DISCOUNT

F. BUHRER'S  
BIG SHOE STORE

## Civic Affairs

Apparently wireless debentures are no longer better standing in the east than they were a few months ago, for communications are read at almost every meeting of the city council from eastern firms inquiring if the city has bonds for sale. On the reading of this letter last night from W. A. Macdonald & Co., of Toronto, it was resolved to offer that firm the \$70,000 hospital debentures at all.

The Dominion Securities Corporation wrote again in regard to by-law 221. The by-law covers a block of debentures which were placed in the hands of the corporation for sale some time ago. The corporation arranged for a sale to one of their clients, but said their legal adviser had pronounced that the by-law was so good, and that special investigation would save it, that the corporation had decided to proceed to make the sale of the bonds legal. The city solicitor pronounced the by-law good and the offer of the Imperial Bank to buy was accepted. The Dominion Securities Corporation being notified that the issue was withdrawn as far as they were concerned. Their letter read last night stated that they were anxious to sell the bonds for their client.

It was revealed that the secretary had been instructed to refer the Dominion Securities Corporation to the city solicitor to get the by-law amended. A petition was in for a sidewalk along the south side of block 111, between Tenth and Fourth streets east, but as the intention of the city is to construct a walk there in November, the petition was rejected.

A letter was read from Mr. J. H. Sheppard, secretary of the local branch of the Alberta Farmers' Association asking for the supplying of electric power to a grain elevating plant which it was proposed to place at the point on the river where the armers have had a switch put in to run a mill. Mr. Sheppard said that a small dam would be erected if the power could be obtained. The letter was laid on the table to wait further information.

The following accounts were ordered paid:  
Canadian Oil Co. \$ 37.75  
K. E. Pringle Co. 6.08  
Friedlander Co. 27.55  
W. H. Murphy 6.00  
A. C. Murphy 6.00  
W. H. Murphy 6.00  
J. P. Gorman 15.10  
Strathcona Carriage Co. 15.10  
O. Ferguson 28.30  
K. H. Duff 28.30  
J. D. Heston 28.30  
A. H. Richards & Co. 28.30  
C. H. Lawrence 28.30  
W. H. Walker 110.07  
W. H. Clark & Co. 110.07  
O'Brien-Lake Lumber Co. 41.81  
P. Manning 26.55  
W. E. Brown 1.50  
Edmonton City Dairy 61.61

Mr. W. H. Landrum appeared in person to show two grievances before the council. The first was the need for draining the lake on his farm. This work, he said, had been arranged for by the territorial government, when the city of Strathcona was incorporated, but the act of bringing it

into the city limits took it out of the hands of the government. It was a work which should be done as soon as possible. In reply to a question Mr. Landrum said the land could be drained for farming purposes for about \$2,000, but to make it fit for building it would cost more.

The matter was referred to the engineer with instructions to report as the best means of draining the lake. Mr. Landrum's second grievance was the danger from persons shooting around the lake. The chief of police said some people had no right to be doing wrong in shooting at the lake, and that the police had warned several that they must desist. It was suggested that printed notices should be posted up in various places warning against shooting within the city limits.

Mr. Richards, on behalf of the firm and light committee reported that he had made further inquiries into the matter of draining the lake, and had ascertained that the petition was blanket petition, so that it was not the intention of the city to apply to the government. The council voted to discontinue approval of the petition.

The public works committee and the engineer reported in favor of the proposition of the Gallagher and Macdonald and Peacock Co. for the diversion of the river road. Also, Albert, who had read the report, and the proposed diversion would cause a considerable road, which the engineer said would be easy to maintain.

The committee's report was adopted. Mr. J. H. Sheppard reported in regard to the proposed repairing of the bridge road with gravel from the Vogel prop city, that he and the engineer had visited Vogel's and found that there was some gravel in sight, but none of it was a man let the bridge be put.

Mr. Kelly, city electrician, brought up a report and had first the superintendent of street railways in Edmonton for permission to run a trolley wire along the pole from the river along Main street to Whyte Ave. The request was granted.

Ald. Elliott gave notice of a by-law prohibiting the use of pigs on within the city limits. The matter of having city by-laws printed was discussed at some length and it was resolved that the by-law committee be asked to bring in a report as to the cost of printing the by-laws of the city.

Ald. Sheppard asked whether it was intended to place any more street lights in the east end of Ward IV, and was informed that more would be placed. Ald. Sheppard also inquired as to the placing of a dangerous bank on the 21-16 (Rockyview) avenue, and was told that the matter would be taken up shortly.

Ald. Sheppard informed Ald. Elliott that he was being charged. After an inquiry by Ald. Elliott, he was told that it was decided to place the city sewer under a bond of \$2,000. Ald. Richards was informed that it was intended to widen the grade on Whyte avenue from Fourth to Fifth streets east, and from First to Third

streets west. The Council are trying to determine the best method of coping with the situation of the two leading causes assigned for the present conditions here. One is the recent production in the shipyards, the other is the financial state in America, and two possibilities are suggested which might meet the situation satisfactorily. One is the distributing of a number of warships, contracts among the yards, the other the more noticeable improvement in America, leading to the placing of more orders over here.

The primary cause of the situation in the shipyards is over-production. The business was running upon them all the shipbuilders had to increase their capacity in order to keep with the demand. Then when business shrank away and the yards had to suffer. The American financial crisis, too, reduced the power of capacity. The reason for the stagnation in the building trades is the same. Glasgow has been overbuilt. There are now 10,000 empty docks very dark.

Prominent men in every line, in the city, but, (translating to the city) a common sense and his sense of duty for people, they fear and are not willing to take any risk. They say, will never be able to make any converts among British workmen. As for the time they stay, they finally their belief that the government should do something. Two or three million pounds would be a shipbuilding centre in warship construction would reduce the acute distress and prove in the end a saving to the Government for just now vessels can be built 25 per cent. cheaper than will be in the future which has already attracted probably be the case in a year or two.

## MARRIED

At the Methodist Parsonage, Calgary, on September 12th, by Rev. O. W. Kerby — Orlando Bush of Strathcona to Miss Bowers of Montreal.  
The Chronicle's tender heartiest congratulations.

## Edmonton Fall Fair

The prize list for the Grain Festival to be held in the Thistle Park, Edmonton, (October 12 to 27, inclusive), under the auspices of the Edmonton Exhibition Association has been prepared. It embraces a distinct exhibit class, as well as classes which will attract exhibitors of the best of the products of the country. There will also be an exhibition of ladies' work. The prizes and the various classes are as follows:

Class 1—School District Exhibitors. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of school children in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of school children in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of school children in the various classes.

Class 2—School District Exhibitors. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of school children in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of school children in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of school children in the various classes.

Class 3—Market Displays. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of market displays in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of market displays in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of market displays in the various classes.

Class 4—Products of City Garden. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of products of city garden in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of products of city garden in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of products of city garden in the various classes.

Class 5—Grains and Grasses. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes.

Class 6—Grains and Grasses. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes.

Class 7—Grains and Grasses. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes.

Class 8—Grains and Grasses. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes. Prizes to be assigned to the best exhibit of grains and grasses in the various classes.

## FIT-REFORM CLOTHING

We are always looking for the best and we generally get it.

We have secured the agency for FIT-REFORM clothing for the City of Strathcona and there is no doubt about it being the best in make, shape and material. If we cannot fit you from stock we can take your measure and have a suit or overcoat made for you.

Over 100 samples to select from

Call and compare these goods with the ordinary cheap goods and you will be convinced it pays to buy the best.

## J. F. WEIR

DUGGAN BLOCK

The Store Where Your Dollars Bring Their Value

## If It's A Pump You Want

We have pumps for

Windmills,  
Deep Wells,  
Shallow Wells  
Double Cylinder Single Cylinder  
Force Cisterns, (and this is a dandy)

The Goods are Right and the Prices are also Right

## J. E. GREEN

MASSEY HARRIS BUILDING

## School Supplies

Slates, Scribblers, Note  
Books, Pencils, Pens,  
Erasers and School

Books

WE HAVE THEM

## Blain & Company

## East End Bakery

is now prepared to undertake all kinds of BAKING and CONFECTIONERY. Our new oven is now finished and in working order

TRY OUR ICE CREAM

I. A. E. ELDER

BORN—LACLAIR—At Strathcona, Thursday, Sept. 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Leclair, a daughter.





hat English saddle, they could nudge him over him on the horse. When they acknowledged the failure and allowed the rope to slacken, he said:

"This time the horse moved forward just a step. The rope is slack, and, in the right position, it is possible that it was always the same. The horse followed the movements of the man so closely that it was impossible to make a slightest mistake."

"Now, if I was a policeman, I could kill you," laughed the man. "If I was a soldier, I could shoot you. But I am away from one of the questions. Twisting and turning, forward and back, the horse was always at the same place. It was not a matter of the policeman, as he trotted from the stable toward his house. 'Notes' were made on the same street, and the policeman was built 'hacker'—'without using the reins.'"

"Try the road he came at a gallop, with his arms folded," said the lady. "He was not at the right place. Instantly she came to a halt. A less well-trained horse would have come in from the side, but the horse came up her back a bit. The feat is often performed. But in this instance he moved in in its ease and rapidly."

"The horse was not at the right place," said the lady. "It will do for a horse. And yet his courage grows, as a rule, as he grows older."

## Punishment Has No Place in the New System of Training

**A** COLLEGE course for horses—that is what has been established in many places in Africa. In the words of the Baucher method of training is being adopted. Comparatively new to this country, it has long been in use on the continent of Europe, and accomplishes truly wonderful results.

Basically, the Baucher method substitutes science for brute force; kindness for cruelty. It teaches the horse to balance himself, to carry himself properly, and to place himself in position to execute whatever command the rider gives him. It enables the rider to control his mount at all times, to make rebellion impossible.

Education has no place in this course of punishment. Instead, the interest and sympathy of the horse are enlisted. He is taught to do what he is asked to do, and the cruel and injudicious use of whip and spur is discarded.

[illegible]

## HEAD THE "BALANCE WHEEL"

[illegible]

# Diseases that Lurk in the Money

## You Get

**I WILL** take all the microbes that come with a dollar bill, no matter how many," remarked a man recently. He had a much fairer faith in the belief that money carries germs.

**Yet money—paper money especially—may be**

[illegible]

of duty of the dollar bill is twenty months, while the five-dollar bill remains in circulation nearly three years each. Most of higher denominations remain longer in circulation.

It is in the bills of small denominations—those of one, two and five dollars—that the dollar bill truly are most apt to lurk.

When the owner of the dollar bill has more than one such finger, he retains more or less genuine confidence in the bill.


He cannot stop to weigh or wipe his hands every time he takes out a bill, and he is not likely to use the dollar bill taken thus it ought to make change for another bill.

His intentions may be the best, his general efforts at sanitation beyond reproach. Yet if the bill that is given him is a finger.

When he later handles a piece of metal, a package, a book or some other commodity the customer takes from him, he is sure to be contaminated. He is thus bound to the innocent customer. Yet it may be an innocent customer.

Wherever it may go, many foreign laborers keep their fingers clean. They do not touch anything in the best and worst, the bill becomes saturated with germs, perhaps.

They may later into the hands of the street car conductor or the keeper of the corner grocery store. They may be used to buy a loaf of bread, a tin of condensed milk, a box of soap, a bottle of disinfectant, a bottle of fever, diphtheria or tubercular blood away. The use of a laborer's finger may be converted in that way from a blessing to a curse.



room of a patient to a innocent passenger on a jet.

Contagious disease may attack anyone. Your skin—scabies, diphtheria or other malady. Your nose—cold, flu, sinusitis. Your mouth—strep throat, diphtheria or swine-flu. Catching on the money you have in your pocket.

Many women of the lower classes make purses of stockings; they carry money in these receptacles and take them to the bank. If the billie cottons when placed in the purse, the germs may be caught upon it, and the purses may be carried home by the infected woman, thus carrying home many microbes may be found, and carried and situated in a metal purse, a coin. A trail of germs and dirt may collect in the corners of a shoe, and a shoe may have determined the cause of the disease.

A recent examination that many living and active bacteria are able to survive in a metal shoe, a coin, a piece of paper. For these reasons children should be taught never to touch their feet, shoes, or money. They should be taught to wash their hands and feet with soap and water. They should be taught to use a handkerchief to wipe their nose, and to use a handkerchief to wipe their mouth. They should be taught to use a handkerchief to wipe their face, and to use a handkerchief to wipe their hands. They should be taught to use a handkerchief to wipe their feet, and to use a handkerchief to wipe their shoes. They should be taught to use a handkerchief to wipe their money, and to use a handkerchief to wipe their pockets. They should be taught to use a handkerchief to wipe their clothes, and to use a handkerchief to wipe their furniture. They should be taught to use a handkerchief to wipe their everything, and to use a handkerchief to wipe their nothing.

### UNDER COMPLETE CONTROL

[illegible]









